Minnesota Housing Mortgage Credit Certificate (MCC) Program Procedural Manual

January 4, 2016

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Table of Contents

Introduction....1

Mission Statement....1
Background....1
Mortgage Credit Certificates....1
Monthly Payment Loan....2
Procedural Manual....2
The Master Servicer....2

Chapter 1 – Lender Responsibilities and Warranties....3

1.01 Procedural Manual....3
1.02 Evidence of Misconduct Referred to Attorney General....3
1.03 Disclosure and Use of Social Security Number/Minnesota Tax Identification Number....3
1.04 Unauthorized Compensation....4
1.05 Minnesota Housing Due Diligence Audit Guidelines and Requirements....4
1.06 Termination of Lender Participation....4
1.07 Covenants....5
1.08 Lender Compensation....6
1.09 Annual Renewal Requirements and Fees....7

Chapter 2 – Master Servicer Requirements....8

Chapter 3 – Borrower Eligibility....9

3.01 Borrower....9
3.02 Borrower Age....9
3.03 Co-Signers....9
3.04 Unauthorized Compensation....9
3.05 Prior Homeownership – Three Year Requirement....9
3.06 Principal Residence/Occupancy Requirements....10
3.07 Homebuyer Education....11
3.08 Credit Scores and Debt-to-Income (DTI) Ratios....11
3.09 MCC Program Eligibility Income....12
3.10 MCCs to Employees and Affiliated Parties....15
3.11 Borrower Fee....15

Chapter 4 – Property Eligibility....16

4.01 Eligible Properties....16
4.02 New Construction Requirements....17
4.03 Ineligible Properties....17
4.04 Acquisition Cost Limit....18
4.05 Appraised Value....18
4.06 Personal Property....19
4.07 Excess Property....19

Chapter 5 – First Mortgage Requirements....20

5.01 Eligible Loans....20

5.02 New Construction Requirements 20
5.03 Ineligible Loans 21
5.04 Amortization Requirements 21
5.05 Mortgage Term 21
5.06 Interest Rates 21
5.07 Private Mortgage Insurance Coverage 21
5.08 Private Mortgage Insurance Companies – Minimum Requirements 22
5.09 Refinancing of an Existing Mortgage 22
5.10 Settlement/Closing Costs 22
5.11 Gifts 22
5.12 Non-Minnesota Housing Junior Liens/Community Seconds 22
5.13 Non-Complying Loans 23

Chapter 6 – Downpayment and Closing Cost Loans 24
6.01 Monthly Payment Loans 24
6.02 Monthly Payment Loan Borrower Eligibility 24
6.03 Monthly Payment Loan Lender Warranties 25
6.04 Second Mortgage Application and Loan Disclosure Procedures 25

Chapter 7 – Mortgage Credit Certificate Terms and Conditions 27
7.01 Credit Rate 27
7.02 Credit Limitations 27
7.03 No Interest Paid to Related Persons 27
7.04 Ongoing Occupancy Requirement 27
7.05 Subsidy Recapture 27
7.06 MCC Revocation After Closing Date 28
7.07 Carry-forward of Borrower's Unused Tax Credit 28
7.08 Assumption of Loan and Transfer of Mortgage Credit Certificates 29
7.09 MCC Reissuance 29

Chapter 8 – Commitment Terms 30

Chapter 9 – Documentation and Reporting Requirements 31
9.01 Loan Processing and Closing 31
9.02 Minnesota Housing Documentation/Delivery Requirements 31
9.03 Records Retention 32
9.04 Lender Reporting Requirements 33

Chapter 10 – Loan Servicing 34
10.01 Servicing 34
10.02 Lender Servicing Responsibilities 34
10.03 Assumption/Due-On-Sale 34
10.04 Hardship Policy 35

Chapter 11 – Mortgage Credit Certificate (Stand-Alone) Linked with Non-Minnesota Housing Financing 36
11.01 Lender Responsibilities and Warranties 36

11.02 Lender Compensation 36
11.03 Borrower Eligibility 36
11.04 Borrower Fee 36
11.05 Property Requirements 36
11.06 Eligible Loans 36
11.07 Second Mortgages 36
11.08 Mortgage Credit Certificate Terms and Conditions 36
11.09 Interest Rates 37
11.10 Reserving an MCC 37
11.11 Issuing the MCC 37
11.12 Minnesota Housing Documentation/Delivery Requirements 37
11.13 Records Retention 37
11.14 Lender Reporting Requirements 37
11.15 Participation Agreement and Fee 37

Appendix A: Definitions 38

Appendix B: Forms List 39

Introduction

Mission Statement

Housing is the foundation for success, so we collaborate with individuals, communities and partners to create, preserve and finance affordable housing.

Background

The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency ("Minnesota Housing") was created in 1971 by the Minnesota Legislature.

Minnesota Housing offers three mortgage loan programs to serve low- and moderate-income homebuyers:

- The Start Up Program for First-Time Homebuyers, a first mortgage loan program with access to downpayment and closing cost loans.
- The Mortgage Credit Certificate (with First Mortgage) for First-Time Homebuyers that includes a first mortgage loan, a Mortgage Credit Certificate (MCC), and access to a downpayment and closing cost loan.
- The Step Up Program for non-First-Time Homebuyers for home purchase or refinance, with access to a downpayment and closing cost loan.

Minnesota Housing also offers the Mortgage Credit Certificate (Stand-Alone) which is a Mortgage Credit Certificate linked to non-Minnesota Housing financing. (See Chapter 10 of this Procedural Manual.)

For the Start Up, Mortgage Credit Certificate (with First Mortgage), and Step Up loans, the Master Servicer securitizes and purchases closed loans originated by the Lender under prescribed program requirements. Minnesota Housing will issue the MCC for Mortgage Credit Certificate (with First Mortgage). For the MCC (Stand-Alone) issued in conjunction with a Lender's proprietary loan product, the Lender originates and closes the loan under their individual underwriting and closing procedures and Minnesota Housing issues the MCC.

The Lender is advised that underlying eligible product guidelines and Master Servicer requirements apply which may be more restrictive than the Minnesota Housing guidelines.

Mortgage Credit Certificates

Mortgage Credit Certificates (MCCs) are federal tax credits that provide financial assistance to certain First-Time Homebuyers by allowing the homebuyer to claim a tax credit for a specific portion of the mortgage interest paid per year. An MCC is not a mortgage and must be used in conjunction with first mortgage financing.

Monthly Payment Loan

Minnesota Housing's amortizing Monthly Payment Loan provides secondary financing with an interest rate equal to the interest rate on the first mortgage loan to help the Borrower with downpayment and closing costs. See Chapter 5 for Monthly Payment Loan guidelines. The Monthly Payment Loan is the only Minnesota Housing downpayment option offered in connection with the Mortgage Credit Certificate (with First Mortgage) option. Certain other downpayment loan programs offered by the Lender or through other programs may be eligible for an MCC. (See Section 4.12 of this Procedural Manual.)

Procedural Manual

This Procedural Manual sets forth for the Lender the terms and conditions of the Mortgage Credit Certificate Program as established by Minnesota Housing and federal regulations. The Mortgage Credit Certificate Program has two options:

- Mortgage Credit Certificate (with First Mortgage) – Chapters 1 through 9 apply
- Mortgage Credit Certificate (Stand-Alone) – Chapter 11 applies

The Master Servicer

U.S. Bank Home Mortgage, HFA Division, is the Master Servicer for Minnesota Housing and as such purchases MCC Loans and issues mortgage-backed securities for the Agency. In order to be eligible for purchase and in addition to the guidelines set forth in this Procedural Manual, U.S. Bank Home Mortgage, HFA Division, requires lenders to satisfy all the requirements it has published in All Regs.

Chapter 1 – Lender Responsibilities and Warranties

1.01 Procedural Manual

This Procedural Manual, including subsequent changes and additions, is a supplement to the Participation Agreement for Minnesota Housing Mortgage Credit Certificate Program (referred to as the "Participation Agreement"), as executed between the Lender and Minnesota Housing. It is incorporated into the Participation Agreement by reference and is a part of it as fully as if included in the Participation Agreement at length.

Minnesota Housing reserves the right to:

- Change the MCC credit rate at any time at its sole discretion
- Alter or waive any requirement in this procedural manual
- Impose other additional requirements
- Rescind or amend any or all materials effective as of the date of issue unless otherwise stated
- Grant waivers, alterations, or make revisions at its sole discretion

1.02 Evidence of Misconduct Referred to Attorney General

Minnesota Housing will refer any evidence of fraud, misrepresentation, or other misconduct in connection with the operation of these programs to the Minnesota Attorney General's office for appropriate legal action.

If, after a loan is made or an MCC is issued, a Lender discovers any material misstatements or misuse of the proceeds of the loan by the Borrower(s) or others, the Lender will promptly report the discovery to Minnesota Housing and the Master Servicer.

Minnesota Housing, or the Master Servicer, or both, may exercise all remedies available to them under the Participation Agreement or otherwise, both legal and equitable, to recover funds from the Lender or the Borrower(s). This includes revocation of the MCC or repayment of loan funds, together with all applicable administrative costs and other fees or commissions received by the Lender in connection with the MCC and reimbursement of all attorney fees, legal expenses, court costs, or other expenses incurred by Minnesota Housing in connection with the MCC or its recovery.

1.03 Disclosure and Use of Social Security Number/Minnesota Tax Identification Number

The Minnesota Revenue Recapture Act (Minnesota Statutes, Sections 270A.01 to 270A.12, as amended) allows the disclosure of the Borrower(s) Social Security Number or Minnesota Tax Identification Number to the Minnesota Department of Revenue. This could result in the

application of state tax refunds to the payment of any delinquent indebtedness of the Borrower(s) to Minnesota Housing.

1.04 Unauthorized Compensation

The Lender may receive fees approved in this Procedural Manual. However, the Lender will not receive or demand from the realtor, builder, property seller, or Borrower(s):

- Kickbacks
- Commissions
- Other compensation

1.05 Minnesota Housing Due Diligence Audit Guidelines and Requirements

The Lender is required to keep on file a complete copy of documents for each MCC issued by Minnesota Housing. Documentation supporting issuance of an MCC may be requested to be forwarded to Minnesota Housing for review. Audits will include, but are not limited to, a minimum of 10% of all Mortgage Credit Certificate (with First Mortgage) loans purchased by the Master Servicer.

Audited loans are reviewed for:

- IRS Code compliance related to MCCs
- Minnesota Housing program and policy compliance
- Fraud or misrepresentation on the part of any party involved in the transaction
- Trends or other indicators that may have an impact on the success of the Borrower(s) and programs

1.06 Termination of Lender Participation

Minnesota Housing may terminate the participation of any Lender under the Program at any time and may preclude the Lender's future eligibility for reasons including, but not limited to, nonconformance with:

- This Procedural Manual
- The Participation Agreement
- The Master Servicer Guide
- The Federal Fair Housing Law or the Equal Credit Opportunity Act
- Any federal or state laws or acts that protect the Recipients' rights with regard to obtaining financing for homeownership
- Other applicable state and federal laws, rules, and regulations

Upon termination of a Lender's contract, Minnesota Housing will continue to issue MCCs and purchase eligible loans for which a commitment was issued until the commitment expiration date.

- Minnesota Housing will not refund participation fees to the Lender.
- Minnesota Housing may, at its option, impose remedies other than termination of the contract for the Lender's nonperformance.
- The Lender may request reinstatement into Minnesota Housing programs. The decision to reinstate a Lender is at Minnesota Housing's sole discretion.

1.07 Covenants

The Lender agrees to follow all applicable federal, state, and local laws, ordinances, regulations, and orders, including but not limited to the following as then in effect (and any applicable rules, regulations, and orders):

- Ability-to-repay and Qualified Mortgage (QM)
- Americans with Disabilities Act
- Anti Predatory Lending Act
- Anti-Money Laundering and Office of Foreign Assets Control Policy
- Bank Secrecy Act
- CFPB Unfair, Deceptive, or Abusive Acts or Practices Rules
- Data Privacy - Minnesota Statutes Chapter 13 and Section 462A.065
- Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act
- Equal Credit Opportunity Act
- Executive Order 11063, Equal Opportunity in Housing, issued by the President of the United States on 11/20/62
- Fair and Accurate Credit Transactions Act
- Fair Credit Reporting Act
- Federal Fair Housing Act (Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968)
- Home Mortgage Disclosure Act
- Home Ownership and Equity Protection Act (HOEPA)
- HUD Discriminatory Effects Regulation/Disparate Impact Regulation
- Internal Revenue Code of 1986, Section 25
- Loan Officer Compensation
- Minnesota Human Rights Act – Minnesota Statutes Chapter 363A

- Minnesota S.A.F.E. Mortgage Licensing Act of 2010 – Minnesota Statutes Chapters 58 and 58A
- Mortgage Disclosure Improvement Act (MDIA)
- National Flood Insurance Act
- Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974
- Section 527 of the National Housing Act
- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964
- Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968, as amended by the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974
- Truth In Lending Act
- USA Patriot Act

In addition to the above-listed covenants, the Lender is to confirm that:

- The person who confirms on Minnesota Housing's loan commitment system the Lender Representations and Warranties on behalf of the Lender has the authority to legally bind the Lender and is fully conversant with Minnesota Housing program requirements
- The Lender is in compliance with all terms, conditions, and requirements of:
  - The MCC Participation Agreement
  - This Procedural Manual
  - The Master Servicer's requirements as published in All Regs
  - The Master Servicer's Lender Guide unless those terms, conditions, and requirements are specifically waived by Minnesota Housing or the Master Servicer, as applicable, in writing

1.08 Lender Compensation

The Lender is compensated for each loan purchased by the Master Servicer as follows:

- The origination fee collected from the Borrower in accordance with RESPA
- The Service release premium paid by the Master Servicer in an amount established by Minnesota Housing and posted on the Minnesota Housing website

The Lender is compensated for the MCC by collecting an MCC fee from the Borrower in an amount established by Minnesota Housing and posted on www.mnhousing.gov.

1.09 Annual Renewal Requirements and Fees

The Lender must be approved by Minnesota Housing and meet the participation requirements as stated on the website before qualifying participants for the Program.

The Lender is subject to an annual Program renewal process and participation fees.

Chapter 2 – Master Servicer Requirements

Minnesota Housing's Master Servicer, U.S. Bank Home Mortgage, HFA Division, has requirements that may be more restrictive than Minnesota Housing requirements and underlying product guidelines. Minnesota Housing highlights in this procedural manual only certain U.S. Bank Home Mortgage, HFA Division, requirements that impose more stringent guidelines on Minnesota Housing's MCC policies. Lenders must review and comply with all of U.S. Bank Home Mortgage, HFA Division, requirements included in All Regs.

The U.S. Bank, Home Mortgage, HFA Division, requirements lenders must review in tandem with Minnesota Housing's policies include but are not necessarily limited to:

- Condos
- Manufactured Housing
- Credit Score Requirement
- Debt-to-income (DTI) Requirement

Chapter 3 – Borrower Eligibility

3.01 Borrower

One individual or multiple individuals are eligible to be a Borrower only if the individual(s) meet the requirements of this Procedural Manual.

3.02 Borrower Age

The Borrower(s) must be 18 years of age or older or be declared emancipated by a court having jurisdiction.

3.03 Co-Signers

Co-signers are permitted on MCC loans. Co-signers sign the loan note and the downpayment assistance loan note, if applicable. Co-signers are not vested in title to the property and may, or may not, reside in the subject property. See section 2.09.

3.04 Unauthorized Compensation

The Borrower(s) may not receive kickbacks, rebates, discounts, or compensation from any subcontractor, realtor, or property seller.

3.05 Prior Homeownership – Three Year Requirement

The Borrower(s) may not have had an ownership interest in a Principal Residence at any time during the three-year period ending on the date of execution of the mortgage. This requirement applies to any person who will execute the note and will have a present ownership interest in the financed property.

- Present ownership interest includes:
  - A fee simple interest
  - An individual tenancy, joint tenancy, a tenancy in common, or a tenancy by the entirety
  - The interest of a tenant shareholder in a cooperative
  - A life estate
  - A leasehold estate or a leasehold estate subject to a Community Land Trust
  - A land contract, under which possession and the benefits and burdens of ownership are transferred although legal title is not transferred until a later time
  - An interest held in trust for the Borrower(s) (whether or not created by the Borrower(s)) that would constitute a present ownership interest if held directly by the Borrower(s)
  - Vendee interest in a contract for deed

  - An ownership interest in a mobile home that is taxed as real estate

- Interests that do not constitute a present ownership interest include:
  - A Remaindersmen interest
  - An ordinary lease with or without an option to purchase
  - A mere expectancy to inherit an interest in a Principal Residence
  - The interest that a purchaser of a residence acquires on the execution of an accepted offer to purchase real estate
  - An interest in a non-Principal Residence during the last three years (e.g. recreational or seasonal home)
  - An ownership interest in a mobile home which is not permanently attached to the land and is taxed as Personal Property
  - Pre-existing interest in the subject property
- Required Documentation - Tax Returns:
  - To verify that the Borrower(s) meets the three-year requirement, the Lender must obtain copies of signed federal income tax returns filed by the Borrower(s) for the three years immediately preceding the date the mortgage is executed. The Lender should examine the tax returns and the credit report for any evidence that the Borrower(s) may have owned a Principal Residence during the past three years. The Lender should examine the tax returns and the credit report for any evidence that the Borrower(s) may have claimed deductions for property taxes or Mortgage Interest Deductions on a Primary Residence. The Borrower(s) may also provide the Lender with an affidavit that they were not required to file an Income Tax Return during one or all of the preceding three years. See Chapter 7 – Documentation Requirements for acceptable alternative formats of federal income tax returns.
- Special Documentation for current ownership:
  - A Borrower(s) with a current ownership interest in a residence within the most recent three-year period must be able to provide evidence (e.g. copy of rental agreement or lease) showing that they have not lived in the dwelling during the most recent three-year period.

3.06 Principal Residence/Occupancy Requirements

The Borrower(s) must intend to occupy the financed dwelling as a Principal Residence within 60 days after the closing of the mortgage. A certification of owner occupancy is to be made by the Borrower(s) in the Borrower Affidavit.

3.07 Homebuyer Education

Homebuyer Education is required for Borrowers securing Minnesota Housing financing under the following:

- Fannie Mae HFA Preferred™ (Conventional)
- Fannie Mae HFA Preferred Risk Sharing™ (Conventional)
- Freddie Mac HFA Advantage℠ (Conventional)
- Funds for downpayment or closing costs through the Monthly Payment Loan

Approved Homebuyer Education:

- Home Stretch
- Pathways Home: A Native Homeownership Guide
- Realizing the American Dream
- Framework (Online Course)

Homebuyer education must be completed before closing. The above noted requirements are satisfied when at least one Borrower per household provides a certificate of completion.

3.08 Credit Scores and Debt-to-Income (DTI) Ratios

The MCC Loan Program credit score and debt-to-income (DTI) requirement vary based on underlying loan products. Refer to the Minnesota Housing Minimum FICO and Maximum DTI Requirements for credit score and DTI requirements by product types. In addition Minnesota Housing's requirements for the use of non-traditional credit that impact DTI and reserve requirements must be satisfied.

Refer to the following product descriptions on Minnesota Housing's website for additional conventional product specific requirements:

- Fannie Mae HFA Preferred™;
- Fannie Mae HFA Preferred Risk Sharing™; and
- Freddie Mac HFA Advantage℠

Minnesota Housing offers this chart and these product descriptions as a good faith assistance for Lenders. The Lenders are advised to fulfill their due diligence in adhering to all underlying product and U.S. Bank, HFA Division, requirements, and not solely relying on the tools provided in this procedural manual.

See All Regs for additional, specific U.S. Bank requirements.

Table 1. How to Determine Which Borrower Credit Score to Use

Number of Scores	Guidance	Minimum Credit Score/Maximum Debt-to-Income Ratio (DTI)
3 scores	Use middle of the scores	Refer to the Minnesota Housing Minimum FICO and Maximum DTI Requirements
2 scores	Use lower of the two scores	
1 score	Use the available score	
Multiple Borrowers: all with credit scores	Use the score from the Borrower with the lowest score to determine maximum DTI	
Multiple Borrowers: at least one Borrower has a credit score and the other Borrower(s) does not have a credit score	Defer to underlying product guidelines regarding non-traditional credit requirements	
No score	Develop non-traditional credit	
Insufficient credit to support an AUS Approval or has erroneous, inaccurate, or disputed credit	Develop non-traditional credit	

3.09 MCC Program Eligibility Income

The total Eligibility Income may not exceed the MCC Program income limits posted on Minnesota Housing's website.

Parties Whose Income Must Be Included When Calculating Eligibility Income

The income of the following persons must be verified and included when calculating Eligibility Income:

- Anyone who will have title to the subject property and signs the Mortgage Deed.
- Anyone expected to reside in the subject property and who is obligated to repay the Start Up loan (signs the Note) but who is not in title to the subject property; i.e. the Co-Signer (not named in title to the subject property and does not sign the Mortgage Deed).
- Any legal spouse of the Mortgagor who will also reside in the subject property.

If the Borrower is legally married and the spouse is not expected to reside in the subject property, the loan file must contain either the Non-Occupant Spouse Statement or another

statement indicating the spouse is not obligated to repay the loan and is not named in title to the subject property.

Person	REQUIRED CRITERIA				Include in Eligibility Income Calculation?
	Signs Mortgage	On Title	Expected to Reside in the Property	Signs Note	
Co-Borrower	X	X		X	Yes
Co-Mortgagor	X	X			Yes
Occupant Co-Signer			X	X	Yes
Occupant, Non-Borrowing Legal Spouse			X		Yes
Non-Occupant Co-Signer				X	No
Non-Occupant, Non-Borrowing Legal Spouse					No. The Borrower must sign the Non-Occupant Spouse Statement or its equivalent.

Any person whose income must be included in the MCC Eligibility Income calculation who receives no income must sign either the Zero Income Statement or another statement indicating that he or she receives no income.

Eligibility Income Calculation

The total Eligibility Income is calculated using the Annualized Gross Income. The Annualized Gross Income includes, but is not limited to:

- Base Pay, which includes full-time, part-time, or seasonal work with regular hours, expressed hourly, weekly, or monthly, etc.
- Variable Income, which includes irregular hourly income, commissions, overtime pay, bonuses, income from irregular employment, shift differential, tips, profit-sharing, sick pay, holiday pay, vacation pay
- Self-Employment or Business Income
- Income from Financial Assets, Trusts, or Annuities including but not limited to dividends, royalties, and interest earned from non-retirement accounts
- Government Transfer Payments, including retirement benefits, disability benefits, medical benefits, social security benefits, pensions, veterans' benefits, workers compensation, public assistance, unemployment insurance, federal education and training assistance, and income maintenance benefits
- Insurance or Benefit Payments, such as long-term care insurance, disability insurance, pensions, or death benefits
- Investment Property Net Rental Income
- Contract-for-Deed Interest Income
- Child or Spousal Support
- Regular Cash Contributions
- Employee Allowances, such as housing, car, cell phone
- Flexible Benefit Cash
- Custodial Account Income
- Other Sources of Income

The following types of income are excluded from the Eligibility Income calculation:

- Income no longer available
- One-time (non-recurring) income; for example, income received once that does not have a history and is unlikely to reoccur in the future
- Income generated by IRA, VIP, 403(b), and 401(k) accounts
- Food stamps, Meals on Wheels, contributions of food
- Government-paid child care which is paid directly to the provider
- Foster care income

- Educational scholarships, grants, loans, or tuition reimbursement
- Earned Income Tax Credit refund payments
- Potential roommate income or rental income of future duplex or accessory dwelling unit
- Court-ordered child or spousal support not received
- 529 plans
- Custodian accounts where someone other than the parents are named as custodian
- Unearned income of adult dependents
- Non-recurring payments from:
    - Inheritances
    - Insurance settlements
    - Lottery winnings
    - Gambling winnings
    - Capital gains
    - Liquidation of assets
    - Settlements for personal loss

For more technical guidance in calculating total Eligibility Income, please consult the Eligibility Income Worksheet posted on Minnesota Housing's website, which further governs Eligibility Income inclusions and exclusions.

The calculation of Eligibility Income must take place in the 120-day period immediately preceding loan closing. In determining Eligibility Income, the Lender must rely on the most recently verified income documentation in the loan file.

3.10 MCCs to Employees and Affiliated Parties

Minnesota Housing will issue MCCs in connection with loans made to directors, officers, and employees of the Lender and their families as well as to builders, realtors, and their families, and any other principal with whom the Lender does business. Minnesota Housing employees and their families are also eligible. The Borrower(s) must meet all eligibility criteria for the Program.

3.11 Borrower Fee

The MCC Borrower Fee to Minnesota Housing is waived for Borrowers using the MCC (with First Mortgage) option of the Mortgage Credit Certificate Program.

Chapter 4 – Property Eligibility

4.01 Eligible Properties

Properties eligible for a loan under the MCC Loan Program must be located in the State of Minnesota and may include any of the following housing types listed below. The Lender is advised that U.S. Bank and underlying eligible products may have more restrictive property eligibility requirements. Refer to All Regs for additional, specific U.S. Bank Home Mortgage, HFA Division, requirements and to Fannie Mae HFA Preferred™, Fannie Mae HFA Preferred Risk Sharing™, and Freddie Mac HFA Advantage℠ product descriptions on Minnesota Housing's website.

- A single-family detached residence
- A unit within an eligible Planned Unit Development ("PUD")
    - A condominium unit eligible under U.S. Bank Home Mortgage, HFA Division, additional requirements as published in All Regs.
- A duplex that meets the following requirements:
    - The Borrower(s) must occupy one unit of a duplex property
    - The duplex property must be a residence for at least five years before the date of the new mortgage, i.e. not new construction or recently converted from non-residential use
- A manufactured home built to Federal Manufactured Home Construction Safety Standards administered by HUD, permanently affixed to a foundation and taxed as real property. All loans for manufactured homes must be eligible for purchase under U.S. Bank Home Mortgage, HFA Division, additional requirements published in All Regs.
    - Manufactured or mobile homes are acceptable only for government insured/guaranteed loan products if they meet the following requirements:
        - Foundation: Permanently attached and anchored per manufacturer specifications to a basement, slab, or footings to the frost line
        - Wheels, axles, and trailer hitches must be removed
        - The unit must be assessed as real estate for property tax purposes
        - The unit must meet the requirements of the underlying loan product and the applicable insurer/guarantor
- A modular home built to state building codes and delivered to the site in modular sections. Modular homes are acceptable for all financing, subject to loan product guidelines and the approval of the mortgage insurer/guarantor.

4.02 New Construction Requirements

New Construction properties must meet the following requirements:

- A property located within Anoka, Carver, Chisago, Dakota, Hennepin, Isanti, Ramsey, Scott, Sherburne, Washington, and Wright counties must be serviced by a regional waste water treatment center or by a treatment system owned and operated by a local unit of government
- The land must be zoned for residential housing
- The land must not be annexed within the previous calendar year
- The cost of land purchased within the 24 months before the date on which construction begins must be included in the Acquisition Cost
- The value of land, as determined by the appraiser, must be used to determine Acquisition Cost if the land was purchased more than 24 months before the date on which construction begins or through a non-arm's length transaction
- Any temporary financing (e.g. construction certificate, bridge certificate, contract for deed) provided before the date of the certificate closing may not exceed 24 months in term
- The land equity (the dollar value of the difference between land value/cost and the total amount the Recipient owes against the land) may be used by a Recipient only as a downpayment
- A Certificate of Occupancy must be issued for the property before certificate closing
- The Borrower(s) may not act as the General Contractor

See Section 4.02 of this procedural manual for new construction financing requirements.

4.03 Ineligible Properties

Properties not eligible for financing are as follows:

- A unit in a Cooperative Corporation or a limited equity Cooperative Corporation
- A recreational or seasonal home
- A single-wide mobile or manufactured home even if permanently affixed to a foundation and taxed as real property
- A property intended to be used as an investment property (except the rental of a second unit in a duplex)
- A newly constructed duplex or a duplex converted from nonresidential use in the past five years
- A property where 15% or more of the total area of the property is used primarily in a trade or business in a manner which would permit the Borrower(s) to take a deduction for

any portion of the costs of the property for expenses incurred in connection with the trade or business use of the property on the Recipients' federal income tax return

- Newly constructed residences with private septic systems located within Anoka, Carver, Chisago, Dakota, Hennepin, Isanti, Ramsey, Scott, Sherburne, Washington, and Wright counties
- The Lender is advised that underlying eligible products may have more restrictive ineligible property requirements. Refer to the Fannie Mae HFA Preferred™, Fannie Mae HFA Preferred Risk Sharing™, and Freddie Mac HFA Advantage℠ product descriptions on Minnesota Housing's website.

4.04 Acquisition Cost Limit

The Acquisition Cost is the cost of acquiring an eligible property from the Property Seller as a completed residential unit. The Acquisition Cost of a property may not exceed the amounts listed on Minnesota Housing's website. (See www.mnhousing.gov for house price limits; amounts are subject to change without notice.)

The Acquisition Cost includes:

- All amounts paid either in cash or in kind, by the Borrower(s) (or by a related party for the benefit of the Borrower(s)) to the Property Seller (or to a related party for the benefit of the Property Seller) as consideration for the property
- All amounts paid by or on behalf of the Borrower(s) and required to complete or repair a residence whether or not the cost of completion or repairs is to be financed with the proceeds of a Minnesota Housing loan (which may be agreed upon beyond the contractually provided purchase price)
- The purchase price as well as all repair costs for FHA 203K Streamlined loans
- All land cost or land value as stated in New Construction Requirements Section 3.03
- All special assessments paid or assumed by the Borrower(s)

The Acquisition Cost does not include:

- Any usual and reasonable closing or financing costs
- Any special assessments paid by the Property Seller

4.05 Appraised Value

The appraised value of the subject property may not exceed 125% of the applicable Acquisition Cost Limit.

4.06 Personal Property

Personal Property may not be financed or listed as part of the total purchase transaction between the Borrower(s) and Property Seller. Only permanently affixed property (fixtures) are eligible for financing.

4.07 Excess Property

The financing of a property may include only land necessary to maintain the "basic livability" of the dwelling.

- The financed land may not provide other than incidental income to the Borrower(s)
- The appraiser must state that the subject lot is not greater in size than other residential parcels in the community
- The land may not comprise more than one parcel or be eligible for legal subdivision unless the appraiser states that the land is commensurate in size with other residential parcels in the community, and the Borrower(s) must certify that he or she has no intention of selling or leasing any portion of the financed land

Chapter 5 – First Mortgage Requirements

5.01 Eligible Loans

The Master Servicer purchases closed loans from the Lender under contract in Minnesota Housing mortgage loan programs. The Lender must warrant that the following criteria are met for each loan submitted for purchase.

Eligible loans products include:

- Federal Housing Administration (FHA) purchase transactions
- FHA 203(k) Streamlined Purchase
- Veterans Administration (VA)
- Rural Development (RD)
- Fannie Mae HFA Preferred™ (Conventional)
- Fannie Mae HFA Preferred Risk Sharing™ (Conventional)
    - Originated by participating Lenders eligible under their Participation Agreement to offer Preferred Risk Sharing
- Freddie Mac HFA Advantage℠ (Conventional)

Lenders are advised to refer to conventional product descriptions on the Minnesota Housing website for product requirements.

Loans purchased by Minnesota Housing must satisfy the following criteria:

- All local, state and federal laws, and regulations including those relating to affirmative action, fair housing, equal opportunity, truth-in-lending, and wrongful discrimination in residential housing are met.
- The Minnesota Housing First-Time Homebuyer, program income, and property acquisition requirements are met.
- The loan must be originated and closed in, or assigned to, the name of the Lender who is a party to the Participation Agreement and who has gained an Individual Commitment of funds from Minnesota Housing via the Minnesota Housing loan commitment system.

Except as in Section 4.09 below, an MCC cannot be issued in conjunction with the acquisition or refinancing of an existing mortgage loan.

5.02 New Construction Requirements

In addition to the new construction loan eligibility requirements already stated in this Procedural Manual (Section 3.03), a New Construction property must meet the following requirements:

- Minnesota Housing funds are not used for temporary initial financing (e.g. interim or construction financing)
- All sweat equity meets the requirements of the applicable loan product and insurer/guarantor, as well as the following:
    - The work was completed by the Borrower or members of a Borrower's family, specifically, the Borrower's brothers and sisters (whether by whole or half-blood), spouse, or lineal descendants
    - The individuals that complete the work must be qualified to do the specific type of work
    - The maximum dollar amount of the sweat equity does not exceed $5,000
    - The sweat equity is not a part of Acquisition Cost
    - The sweat equity includes only the value of work and not the cost of materials

5.03 Ineligible Loans

Ineligible loans include, but are not limited to:

- Loans for the acquisition or refinancing of an existing mortgage
- Any first or second mortgage loans that are financed with the proceeds of the sale of tax-exempt bonds

5.04 Amortization Requirements

The first mortgage loan must:

- Have a fixed interest rate
- Be fully amortized over the term of the loan
- Be payable on the first of each month in level installments that include at least principle and interest

5.05 Mortgage Term

All loans must have a 15-year or 30-year term.

5.06 Interest Rates

The Interest rates for Minnesota Housing loan programs are listed on www.mnhousing.gov.

5.07 Private Mortgage Insurance Coverage

All loans requiring private mortgage insurance must have coverage at the levels prescribed by the underlying mortgage product guidelines.

5.08 Private Mortgage Insurance Companies – Minimum Requirements

All private mortgage insurance companies must:

- Be licensed to do business in the State of Minnesota
- Maintain a rating of A2 from Moody's Investor Services and AA from Standard and Poor's Corporation at the time the mortgage loan is purchased by the Master Servicer, or have Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac approval

5.09 Refinancing of an Existing Mortgage

Minnesota Housing does not allow the refinancing of an existing loan and will not issue an MCC in connection with a loan unless the loan is used to replace or refinance temporary initial financing that has an original mortgage term of 24 months or less such as:

- Construction or interim loans
- Bridge loans or gap loans

5.10 Settlement/Closing Costs

Settlement and closing costs, fees, or charges the Lender collects from any party in connection with any loan must:

- Comply with Minnesota law
- Meet all requirements of the insurer/guarantor
- Not exceed an amount deemed usual or reasonable for the type of transaction (e.g. FHA, VA, Conventional)
- Not exceed the actual amounts expended for any item (e.g. credit report, appraisal)
- Ensure the Borrower does not pay more than a pro-rata share of property taxes

5.11 Gifts

All gifts received by the Borrower(s) for a Minnesota Housing loan must satisfy the requirements of the applicable first mortgage loan product and the insurer/guarantor.

5.12 Non-Minnesota Housing Junior Liens/Community Seconds

All junior liens or community seconds (including resale restrictions) used in conjunction with a Minnesota Housing loan must comply with the following:

- All requirements of the applicable first mortgage loan product and insurer/guarantor
- The Monthly Payment Loan must take 2nd position
- The junior lien does not reduce the Acquisition Cost
- A Borrower may receive cash back at closing only when the cash back is a refund of the Borrower's own investment as allowed by the first mortgage product

- Minnesota Housing requires full disclosure of any and all junior liens

Minnesota Housing will issue the MCC for the amount of the first mortgage loan plus the Monthly Payment Loan amount (i.e. the certified indebtedness amount, as it relates to an MCC, will include the Monthly Payment Loan).

5.13 Non-Complying Loans

Minnesota Housing or the Master Servicer will have the right to take one or more of the following actions in the event the Lender submits a mortgage loan that does not, as determined by Minnesota Housing or the Master Servicer, comply with the requirements of this Procedural Manual:

- Adjust the purchase price of the non-complying loan
- If not already purchased, refuse to purchase the loan or issue the MCC
- If already purchased, require the Lender to repurchase the loan for the purchase price or revoke the MCC
- Terminate, suspend, or otherwise limit the Lender's Participation Agreement with Minnesota Housing and the Master Servicer
- Preclude the Lender from future participation in Minnesota Housing programs

Chapter 6 – Downpayment and Closing Cost Loans

The Monthly Payment Loan is available with MCC (with First Mortgage). The loan may be applied towards the downpayment and customary buyer closing costs. The amount of the Monthly Payment Loan is included in the certified indebtedness amount as it relates to the MCC Program.

6.01 Monthly Payment Loans

Monthly Payment Loans:

- Originated with the MCC program are available only if the certificate is combined with a Minnesota Housing first mortgage
- Are available in increments of $100 up to the greater of 5% of the purchase price (rounded up to the nearest $100), or $5,000
- Have a maximum loan amount of $7,500
- With FHA 203K Streamlined purchases are available in increments of $100 up to the greater of 5% of the purchase price plus the cost of repairs (rounded up to the nearest $100), or $5,000
- Must occupy second lien position when combined with a non-Minnesota Housing Community Second mortgage
- Have an interest rate equal to that of the first mortgage
- Are fully amortizing and are payable in level monthly payments over a 10-year term
- Are due on the first of each month, beginning with the due date of the initial monthly payment for the first mortgage
- Must be paid in full upon:
    - Sale or refinance of the property
    - Transfer of title to the property
    - Payment in full of the first mortgage at maturity
    - The first mortgage is declared due and payable whether through default or other event
- May not be assumed

6.02 Monthly Payment Loan Borrower Eligibility

The Borrower must satisfy all eligibility requirements of the MCC (with First Mortgage) as well as the following additional requirements for the Monthly Payment Loan.

Income Limits. Program income limits apply to Monthly Payment Loan Borrowers.

Homebuyer Education. Homebuyer Education is required for all Borrowers who receive Monthly Payment Loans.

Homebuyer education may be delivered either by instructors trained under Home Stretch or NeighborWorks® America in a classroom setting or via the Minnesota Home Ownership Center's Framework, an online homebuyer education platform. Homebuyer education must be completed before closing.

The above-noted requirements are satisfied when at least one Borrower per household provides a certificate of completion.

Cash Investment. A minimum cash investment of the lesser of 1% of the purchase price or $1,000, including prepaids, is required. The cash investment must come from the Borrower's assets and may not be a gift, grant, loan, or sweat equity contribution.

Asset Limit. Monthly Payment Loans have no asset limit.

Cash to the Borrower at Closing. The Borrower(s) may receive cash back at closing only when all of the following criteria apply:

- The cash to the Borrower at closing is a refund of dollars paid outside of closing and is reflected on the HUD-1 Settlement Statement
- The cash to the Borrower at closing does not compromise the Borrower's minimum cash investment requirement
- The underlying first mortgage product and the insurer/guarantor allow the refund

6.03 Monthly Payment Loan Lender Warranties

In addition to the warranties stated in Section 1.07, the Lender warrants the following:

- The Borrower's cash investment is paid from the Borrower's own funds
- The funds received by the Borrower(s) are applied to the transaction and verified through the HUD-1 Settlement Statement

6.04 Second Mortgage Application and Loan Disclosure Procedures

The Lender should follow mortgage industry compliance requirements for the Monthly Payment Loan. As indicated in the Participation Agreement with Minnesota Housing and the Master Servicer, the Lender is required to follow the appropriate regulatory law(s) including, but not limited to:

- Following the disclosure requirements in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations (MDIA, RESPA, Regulation Z, etc.), for every Minnesota Housing first and second mortgage

- Generating a separate Truth in Lending (TIL) and Good Faith Estimate (GFE) for all downpayment and closing cost loan options
- Following industry-standard requirements regarding GFE and TIL disclosure procedures
- Including the downpayment and closing cost loans either on the first mortgage HUD-1 or a separate HUD-1

Chapter 7 – Mortgage Credit Certificate Terms and Conditions

7.01 Credit Rate

A 35% credit rate applies to:

- MCC (with First Mortgage) loans locked on or before December 31, 2015
- MCC (Stand-Alone) when fully-completed Pre-closing Compliance Review package received at Minnesota Housing on or before December 31, 2015.

A 25% credit rate applies to:

- MCC (with First Mortgage) loans locked on or after January 1, 2016
- MCC (Stand-Alone) when fully-completed Pre-closing Compliance Review package received at Minnesota Housing on or after January 1, 2016.

7.02 Credit Limitations

- The tax credit may not exceed $2,000 per year, regardless of whether the MCC amount (mortgage interest paid on a loan multiplied by the 35% credit rate) exceeds $2,000. Any amount in excess of $2,000 may not be carried forward to subsequent tax years.
- An MCC is applicable only to interest paid on the Program loan and the Monthly Payment Loan. No tax credit is available for interest paid by the Borrower on any other loan, regardless of whether the loan is secured by a Principal Residence.
- An MCC cannot be issued or used, directly or indirectly, in connection with an ineligible mortgage loan. According to the Program certifications, the Borrower will represent that no portion of the financing for the residence in connection with which the MCC is issued is from a prohibited mortgage loan.

7.03 No Interest Paid to Related Persons

No interest on the Program loan or the certified indebtedness amount may be paid to a person who is a related person.

7.04 Ongoing Occupancy Requirement

When the property ceases to be the Borrower's Principal Residence, the MCC is treated as revoked and the Borrower may not continue to claim the tax credit.

7.05 Subsidy Recapture

The recapture tax provisions of the Code apply to all Borrowers. The recapture may apply <u>if all three conditions occur at once</u>:

- The residence is sold within the first nine years of the closing date or the MCC issuance date (whichever is later)

- The Borrower realizes a gain on the sale of the residence (as defined by the IRS)
- The Borrower's income has increased since the closing date and exceeds the limits established by the IRS.

The recapture tax is payable in the year the Borrower sells or transfers his or her eligible residence.

To ensure understanding and disclosure of the subsidy recapture, the Lender must:

- Explain subsidy recapture to the Borrower(s) at the time of certificate application (see Subsidy Recapture Overview under the Resources heading on Minnesota Housing's website)
- Require the Borrower(s) to sign the completed Subsidy Recapture Disclosure Statement and Tennessen Warning at closing or as close to closing as possible
- Recommend the Borrower(s) seek the advice of a tax professional

7.06 MCC Revocation After Closing Date

The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) has various remedies available for non-compliance with the Program, including disallowance of the tax credit. Automatic revocation of an MCC occurs whenever:

- The residence for which the MCC was issued ceases to be the Borrower's Principal Residence
- Except as otherwise described, the loan is refinanced
- Ownership of the Principal Residence is sold, assumed, or otherwise transferred to a non-qualified party
- Minnesota Housing or a participating Lender discovers any material misstatement, whether negligent or fraudulent, made by the Borrower in any loan or MCC document
- Minnesota Housing determines the Borrower does not meet all or a part of the eligibility criteria
- The first mortgage loan is paid in full

7.07 Carry-forward of Borrower's Unused Tax Credit

Generally, if the Borrower's MCC credit amount exceeds their tax liability for any year, the Borrower(s) are not entitled to a refund, but they may carry the unused portion of the tax credit forward, subject, but not limited to:

- The carry-forward may not exceed the maximum tax credit of $2,000
- Certain limitations, the amount of unused tax credit for any year may be carried forward for each of the three succeeding tax years

The IRS has many regulations covering tax credit carry-forward. The Lender should encourage the Borrower(s) to seek expert tax advice in this area.

7.08 Assumption of Loan and Transfer of Mortgage Credit Certificates

An MCC is transferable only as follows:

- Minnesota Housing gives written approval of the transfer
- The transferee assumes liability for the remaining balance of the certified indebtedness amount in connection with the acquisition of the eligible residence from the transferor
- A transfer fee is remitted to Minnesota Housing
- Minnesota Housing issues a new MCC to the transferee
- The following requirements are met as they are in effect at the time of the loan assumption:
    - The Prior Homeownership – Three Year Requirement (Section 2.05)
    - Gross annual household income requirement (Section 2.09)
    - The Principal Residence requirement (Section 2.06)
    - The limitation regarding ineligible loans (Section 4.03)
    - The Acquisition Cost requirement (Section 3.05)

Additionally, the transferee may be subject to the recapture tax if the eligible residence is sold within nine years of the date the new MCC is issued.

7.09 MCC Reissuance

If the Borrower opts to refinance the first mortgage loan, Minnesota Housing may, at its option, reissue the MCC, if all of the following are met:

- The original Borrower applies for and obtains a new loan and a reissued MCC according to all requirements of the Program, as the Program requirements exist at the time of the refinancing (including the payment of any fees)
- The new loan refinances the original loan on the eligible residence with respect to which the original loan was made
- The certified mortgage indebtedness specified on the reissued MCC does not exceed the then outstanding balance of the certified mortgage indebtedness of the original MCC
- The MCC Tax Credit Rate on the reissued MCC does not exceed that on the original MCC
- The expiration date of the reissued MCC does not exceed that of the original MCC
- The MCC is reissued no later than the date which is one year after the closing date with respect to the new loan

Chapter 8 – Commitment Terms

See Minnesota Housing's website for the following documents regarding committing a Minnesota Housing MCC (with First Mortgage) loan:

- The Rate Lock Guide
- The Loan Commitment System Process Guide

Chapter 9 – Documentation and Reporting Requirements

9.01 Loan Processing and Closing

All loans submitted to Minnesota Housing for approval must meet the following requirements:

- The loan must be closed and disbursed before requesting Minnesota Housing loan Funding Approval using the Minnesota Housing loan commitment system;
- At Funding Approval, Minnesota Housing issues the MCC directly to the Borrower and sends a copy to the Lender
- The Lender must follow all mortgage industry regulatory and compliance provisions throughout the processing of the loan
- All loan documents must be industry standard and meet the requirements of the Master Servicer, the underlying loan product, and the insurer/guarantor, as applicable (See the Minnesota Housing website for more details on required forms.)
- All loan documents must be complete, accurate, and reviewed by the Lender at the various and appropriate stages of the loan
- For loans underwritten utilizing industry standard automated underwriting systems, Minnesota Housing requires full documentation when verifying income and assets to confirm Minnesota Housing eligibility
- Minnesota Housing or industry-standard forms may not be altered in any way other than to add a company name and logo
- The loan must be originated and closed in, or assigned to, the name of the Lender who is a party to the Participation Agreement and who has received an Individual Commitment of Funds from Minnesota Housing
- All first mortgage assignments must run directly from the Lender to the Master Servicer
- All second mortgage assignments must run directly from the Lender to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency
- The Lender must submit final documents to the Master Servicer within 120 days of Master Servicer's loan purchase
- All product specific requirements must be met: for Conventional HFA product requirement – refer to the Fannie Mae HFA Preferred™, Fannie Mae HFA Preferred Risk Sharing™, and Freddie Mac HFA Advantage℠ product descriptions on the Minnesota Housing website.

9.02 Minnesota Housing Documentation/Delivery Requirements

The Master Servicer provides the Loan File Delivery Checklist detailing specific documentation and delivery requirements. The Lender must fully execute and deliver documents within the designated timeframes. In addition, the Lender must specifically warrant the following:

- The Borrower Affidavit is duly notarized and signed by each Borrower who signs the note and intends to reside in the property as their Principal Residence
- The Lender has obtained and reviewed applicable documentation to determine compliance with the certifications on the Borrower Affidavit as it pertains to MCC requirements
- The documentation includes, but is not limited to:
    - Signed Federal income tax returns (IRS Form 1040 and all its versions) for the preceding 3-year period
    - The computer-generated form for electronically filed returns showing the line numbers and all corresponding entries
    - A letter from the IRS indicating the type of tax return filed and the significant line entries from the return
- The Lender has obtained a signed, written explanation from any Borrower(s) if there is any indication that the Borrower has had an ownership interest in a primary residence within the past three years. Any interest must be documented and verified to provide reasonable assurance that there was no actual ownership in a primary residence
- The Property Seller Affidavit or Fannie Mae Institutional Sellers Property Seller Affidavit is signed and duly notarized by those persons conveying the residence or land to the Borrower(s);
- The Lender has reviewed any and all contracts in connection with the residence sale transaction to ensure total compliance with this manual
- The Subsidy Recapture Disclosure Statement and Tennessen Warning is complete and signed by each Borrower either before the closing or at closing
- The Notice of Potential Benefits was completed and signed by each Borrower at the time of application
- The Lender Certification is complete and signed by the Lender

Documentation not delivered to Minnesota Housing and the Master Servicer, as applicable, within the specified time frames, may result, at Minnesota Housing's or the Master Servicer's discretion, in the Lender repurchasing the loan and Minnesota Housing refusing to issue or revoking the MCC, or any other remedy as identified in this Procedural Manual. Minnesota Housing or the Master Servicer may also, at its discretion, extend the aforementioned timeframes.

9.03 Records Retention

The Lender must retain any and all compliance documents (including compliance with Minnesota Housing program guidelines) as may be required by the Lender's regulatory

authority, the requirements of the underlying loan product, and the requirements of the insurer/guarantor, as appropriate.

The loan product and insurer/guarantor minimum or alternative documentation requirements do not relieve the Lender from the responsibility of acquiring and maintaining complete files, including any and all documents and materials as would customarily be required for servicing or loan audit.

For a period of six years following the closing date, the Lender must retain copies of the MCC Program document set in the loan file.

9.04 Lender Reporting Requirements

The Lender is required to annually file (on or before January 31 of each year) a report with the IRS using IRS Form 8329 with respect to loans made in conjunction with the issuance of MCCs during the prior calendar year.

Chapter 10 – Loan Servicing

10.01 Servicing

Loans committed in connection with the Program are purchased by Minnesota Housing's Master Servicer. Minnesota Housing may, at its discretion, subject to any contractual provisions between Minnesota Housing and the Master Servicer, change the Master Servicer.

10.02 Lender Servicing Responsibilities

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Participation Agreement, during the period from loan closing to the Master Servicer's purchase, the Lender must collect and apply all loan payments made by the Borrower for the MCC (with First Mortgage) loan and the Monthly Payment Loan, if applicable. Loan payments collected must include:

- The MCC (with First Mortgage) loan monthly principal and interest
- The Monthly Payment Loan monthly principal and interest, if applicable
- 1/12th of annual property tax
- Mortgage insurance, if applicable
- Flood insurance, if applicable
- Hazard insurance (escrows)
- Assessments, if applicable

In addition, the Lender must maintain a payment history for the MCC (with First Mortgage) loan and, if applicable, the Monthly Payment Loan, including the following:

- A breakdown of principal, interest, and escrows
- Any principal repayments
- The remaining principal balance of loan
- The collection of any past due payments

10.03 Assumption/Due-On-Sale

A Minnesota Housing loan financed with either a Conventional or Rural Development loan product is due upon sale and may not be assumed.

A Minnesota Housing loan financed with either a Federal Housing Administration (FHA) or Veterans Administration (VA) loan product may be assumed only by persons who:

- At the time of the assumption, intend to occupy the property as their Principal Residence within 60 days of closing

- Have not had an ownership interest in a Principal Residence (other than the property purchased with the proceeds of the loan) during the three year period ending on the day the Borrower(s) executed the loan application
- Do not have gross household income that exceeds the current Minnesota Housing limits (see Assumptions – Purchase Price and Income Limits on Minnesota Housing's website)
- Are not purchasing or acquiring the residence at an Acquisition Cost that exceeds the current Minnesota Housing limits (see Federal Purchase Price Limits – Assumption on Minnesota Housing's website)

Unless the loan is assumed in accordance with the above provisions, the loan is due upon sale or transfer of title.

10.04 Hardship Policy

Minnesota Housing has in place a hardship policy for its Monthly Payment Loans that allows forgiveness either in part or in whole if the Borrower is experiencing severe financial hardships that prevent him or her from paying back the full indebtedness.

Chapter 11 – Mortgage Credit Certificate (Stand-Alone) Linked with Non-Minnesota Housing Financing

The Borrower(s) may apply to Minnesota Housing for a Mortgage Credit Certificate (Stand-Alone) with any first mortgage loan so long as the Borrower, property, and first mortgage loan meet the following requirements which are based on the applicable federal and state regulations with respect to MCCs.

11.01 Lender Responsibilities and Warranties

All requirements and guidelines specified in Chapter 1 of this Procedural Manual apply except Section 1.08, Lender Compensation.

11.02 Lender Compensation

The Lender may be compensated for MCCs by collecting an MCC fee from the Borrower(s) in an amount established by Minnesota Housing and posted on Minnesota Housing's website under Resources (then Fees) on the MCC page.

11.03 Borrower Eligibility

All requirements and guidelines contained in Chapter 2 apply except section 2.08, Credit Scores and Debt-to-Income (DTI) Ratios.

11.04 Borrower Fee

The Borrower(s) are required to pay to Minnesota Housing an MCC Borrower fee of 1% of the purchase price.

11.05 Property Requirements

All requirements and guidelines contained in Chapter 3 apply.

11.06 Eligible Loans

An MCC (Stand-Alone) may be used with conventional, FHA, VA, and RD loan products and other loans acceptable to Minnesota Housing.

Sections 4.02 and 4.03 that also apply.

11.07 Second Mortgages

Any Borrower(s) who receives the MCC (Stand-Alone) is not eligible for the Monthly Payment Loan or any other Minnesota Housing downpayment and closing cost loan.

11.08 Mortgage Credit Certificate Terms and Conditions

All requirements and guidelines contained in Chapter 6 apply.

11.09 Interest Rates

The interest rates for loans not purchased by Minnesota Housing or its Master Servicer are determined by the Lender.

11.10 Reserving an MCC

Refer to the MCC (Stand Alone) Process Guide and Cover Sheet.

11.11 Issuing the MCC

Minnesota Housing will issue the MCC directly to the Borrower after closing, according to the guidelines in the (MCC Stand Alone) Process Guide and Cover Sheet and this Procedural Manual.

11.12 Minnesota Housing Documentation/Delivery Requirements

The Lender must deliver to Minnesota Housing all required documentation and information relating to each application for an MCC (Stand-Alone).

11.13 Records Retention

For a period of six years following the closing date, the Lender must retain copies of the MCC Program document set in the loan file.

Minnesota Housing retains the right to perform periodic random audits of the Lender's records with respect to MCCs and the corresponding loans.

11.14 Lender Reporting Requirements

The Lender is required to annually file (on or before January 31 of each year) a report with the IRS using IRS Form 8329 with respect to loans made in conjunction with the issuance of MCCs during the prior calendar year.

11.15 Participation Agreement and Fee

The Lender must execute a Participation Agreement with Minnesota Housing and pay Minnesota Housing a one-time fee of $250.00.

Appendix A: Definitions

TERM	DEFINITION
Acquisition Cost	The cost of acquiring a completed residential unit. (See Section 3.04)
Borrower	An applicant who meets the requirements as stated in Section 2.01 of this Procedural Manual.
First-Time Homebuyer	A Borrower who meets the requirements as stated in Section 2.05 of this Procedural Manual.
Individual Commitment	A legal commitment of funds with specific terms and conditions for use by a Borrower purchasing a property.
Master Servicer	The company selected by Minnesota Housing to be the Master Servicer for the first mortgage in conjunction with the Mortgage Credit Certificate.
MCC Issuer	Minnesota Housing
MCC Tax Credit Amount	The mortgage interest multiplied by the MCC Tax Credit Rate.
MCC Tax Credit Rate	The current rate specified by Minnesota Housing and used for calculating the MCC Tax Credit Amount.
Mortgage Credit Certificate	A document issued by Minnesota Housing that may entitle the Recipient to claim a federal income tax credit.
Mortgage Interest Deduction	A common itemized deduction that allows homeowners to deduct the amount of interest they pay on any loan used to build, purchase, or make improvements on their residence.
Principal Residence	A property used as the primary domicile of the owner-occupant Borrower and the household.

Appendix B: Forms List

See www.mnhousing.gov for required MCC Program forms.